

**Conscious Consumers of future**

**QUESTIONNAIRE**

**Common Questions**

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| 1. | How many paces per day are recommended by WHO in order to prevent heart diseases?  A. 1 000  B. 10 000  C. 100 000 |
| 2. | The majority of daily calories should come from:  A. bread, cereals, rice and pasta products  B. fruit and vegetables  C. milk, yogurt and cheese  D. meat, poultry, beans or eggs |
| 3. | A healthy diet:  A. eliminates all use of sugars and salt  B. is low in fat  C. provides a variety of different foods  D. both b) and c) |
| 4. | Which factors are responsible for global warming?  A. Fuel and fossil combustion  B. Deforestation  C. Cattle farming  D. Solar panels |
| 5. | What can we do to reduce the climatic variations?  A. Develop renewable energies  B. Reduce car pooling  C. Make the agriculture more sustainable  D. Decarbonise the transport sector |
| 6. | What is the percentage of agricultural area used for organic production in Europe?  A. 6,2 %  B. 10,7 %  C. 25 % |
| 7. | Which of the following is the greenest source of energy?  A. electricity from coal burning  B. electricity from photovoltaic (PV) cells  C. the battery  D. electricity from nuclear plants |
| 8. | You can often find the notion of "ozone":  A. It’s the name of a rock band;  B. It’s the name of a country;  C. It’s the name of a gas. |
| 9. | Does the hole in the ozone layer of the Earth cause the global warming?  A. No, it doesn’t. Because ozone it is a gas and does not have a property to protect against solar radiations.  B. Yes, because the ozone through chemical and physical properties protects the earth from harmful effects of solar radiations;  C. No, because the hole in the ozone layer is not long lasting. |
| 10. | What is consumption?  A. Buying what you need.  B. Buying what you like.  C. Using present resources. |
| 11. | What are the limits in the amount of natural sources in the world ?  A. Limitless  B. Limited  C. Renewable |
| 12. | Are resources in the world renewable?   1. Yes 2. No 3. Some |
| 13. | What is the speed of consumption of natural resources in the world?   1. Slow 2. Fast 3. Moderate |
| 14. | How often do you go supermarket?   1. Always 2. Sometimes 3. Rarely |

**Questions by country**

**FRANCE**

**1.** What is the name of the French national anthem?

A. Le Parisien

B. Le Lyonnais

C. La Marseillaise

2. Which animal is the symbol of France?

A. rooster

B. lion

C. eagle

D. snail

3. What is the longest river in France?

A. la Loire

B. la Seine

C. le Rhône

4. What is the most typical French meal?

A. Quiche Lorraine

B. Pasta a la carbonara

C. kefta

D. Squid a la plancha

5. What is the most visited monument in France?

A. Mont Saint Michel

B. Tour Eiffel

C. Le Louvre museum

D. Le cadre noir

6. What is a “baguette” in France?

A. a vegetable

B. a type of bread

C. a little pig

7. What is the main source of electricity in France?

A. fossil energy

B. hydropower

C. nuclear energy

**ITALY**

1. Italy is a peninsula surrounded by

A. the Atlantic Ocean

B. the Mediterranean Sea

D. the North Sea

E. the South Sea

2. Italy shares borders with:

A Spain, France, Switzerland, Austria

B: France, Germany, Austria, Slovenia

C. Spain, France, Austria, Croatia

D. France, Switzerland, Austria, Slovenia

3. Italy is shaped like:

A. a hexagon

B. a fish

C. a boot

D. a triangle

4. Italy is among the most populated EU member states. How many people lItaly?

A. around 61 million

B. less than 41 million

C. more than 71 million

D. around 51 million

5. The flag of Italy consists of:

A. three horizontal bands of blue, white and red

B. two vertical bands of green and red

C. three vertical bands of green, white and red

D. two horizontal stripes of white and green

6. What is the capital of Italy?

A. Milan

B. Rome

C. Florence

D. Venice

7. How do you say “thank you” in Italian?

A. buongiorno

B. arrivederci

C. bellissimo

D. grazie

**POLAND**

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| 1. Poland is the greatest producer of:  A. apples  B. furniture  C. paper |
| 2. The dominant religion in Poland is:  A. Catholicism  B. Protestantism  C. there is no obvious dominant |
| 3. The capital city of Poland is:  A. Cracow  B. Warsaw  C. Tri – city |
| 4. The colour of the Polish Flag (top – down):  A. white, red  B. red, white  C. red, white, sea-blue |
| 5. When did Poland gain independence:  A. after the last Polish king died (18century)  B. after the 1st World War (1919)  C. after the 2nd World war (1945) |
| 6. How to say “hello” in Polish?  A. do widzenia  B. cześć  C. ile masz lat |
| 7. Which side of the road do the Polish drive on?  A. right  B. left |
| 8. The most typical food in Poland is:  A. seafood with vegetables  B. shepherd’s pie  C. bigos and pierogi |

**TURKEY**

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| 1. Where is Turkey?  A. in Asia  B. in Europe  C. both in Asia and in Europe |
| 2. Is Turkey wealthy in aspect of natural sources?  A. It has a lot of naturel sources  B. There are some sources  C. There are no sources. |
| 3. What is the climate like in Turkey?  A. It is hot and sunny all the year.  B. It is cold and freezing all the year.  C. It has four seasons during some periods of the year. |
| 4. The capital city of Turkey is:  A. Istanbul  B. Antalya  C. Ankara |
| 5. The most typıcal desert in Turkey is  A. Baklava  B. Sütlaç  C. keşkül |
| 6. What are the figures in Turkish flag?  A. a crescent and a star  B. a crescent with three stars  C. a fullmoon with a star |
| 7. Who ıs the founder of Turkey?  A. M. K. Atatürk  B. M. A. Ersoy  C. Z. Güngör |

**End**